

Faulty spray patterns and how to correct them

Defect	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Spray pattern is not large enough	Air drillings and air passages are clogged and or air pressure too high. Material flow exceeds air cap's capacity. Spreader adjustment valve set too low. Material too thick.	Clean the air cap with cleaning solution using a suitable cleaning brush, adjust air valve to recommended air pressure. Thin or lower fluid flow. Thin to proper consistency.
S-shaped spray fan	Horn air drillings are clogged.	Thoroughly clean the air cap with suitable cleaning utensils; replace the nozzle set if necessary.
Half-moon shaped spray fan	Horn drillings are contaminated on one side or front drillings are clogged.	Clean the air cap with cleaning solution using a suitable cleaning brush; afterwards blow dry thoroughly.
Lopsided spray fan	Fluid tip (fluid tip pin) and/or air cap damaged.	Make sure that fluid tip and air cap are undamaged; replace nozzle set, if required.
Splitting spray fan		

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(B)	Fluid adjusting knob turned in too far. The atomisation pressure is too high. The material viscosity is too low. Pressure feed only.	Adjust the inlet pressure in line with the requirements of the paint material being used. Back out counter clockwise to achieve proper flow. Properly adjust viscosity; use smaller nozzle size, if necessary. Increase fluid pressure (increased gun handling speed).
Top heavy, bottom heavy, right heavy and left heavy patterns Generally horns plugged, fluid tip obstructed or cap/tip dirty.	Determine if the obstruction is on the air cap or the fluid tip. Do this by making a solid test spray pattern. Then rotate the cap on-half turn and spray another pattern. If the defect is inverted, obstruction is on the air cap. Clean the air cap.	If the defect is not inverted, it is on the fluid tip. Check for a fine burr on the edge of the fluid tip. Remove with wet or dry sand paper. Check for dried paint just inside the opening. Remove paint by washing with solvent.

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